Become a physician in America

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Sept. 7, 2011 at HMA-CSA Career Path Forum

Requirements for Becoming a Physician in US

Undergraduate education

Medical School

Residency

Fellowship

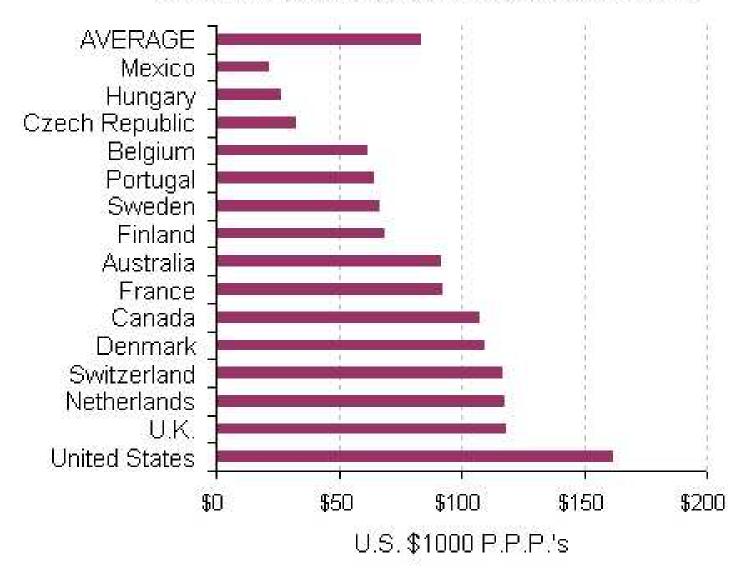
Brain storms

- 1. Why do I want to become a doctor in US?
- I am clinician in China and like to work with patient...
- Save lives so more rewarded and respected as a career ...
- Job security and better income...

2. Common Excuses:

- I studied medicine in China and my English is not good enough...
- I am away from clinics too long and it is difficult to get into a residency program anyway...
- I am foreigner and it will be difficult to survive through a residency training...

General Practitioners' Pay, in U.S. \$1,000 P.P.P.'s



Source: Congressional Research Service (CRS) analysis of Remuneration of Health Professions, OECD Health Data 2006 (October 2006), available at [http://www.ecosante.fr/OCDEENG/70.html].

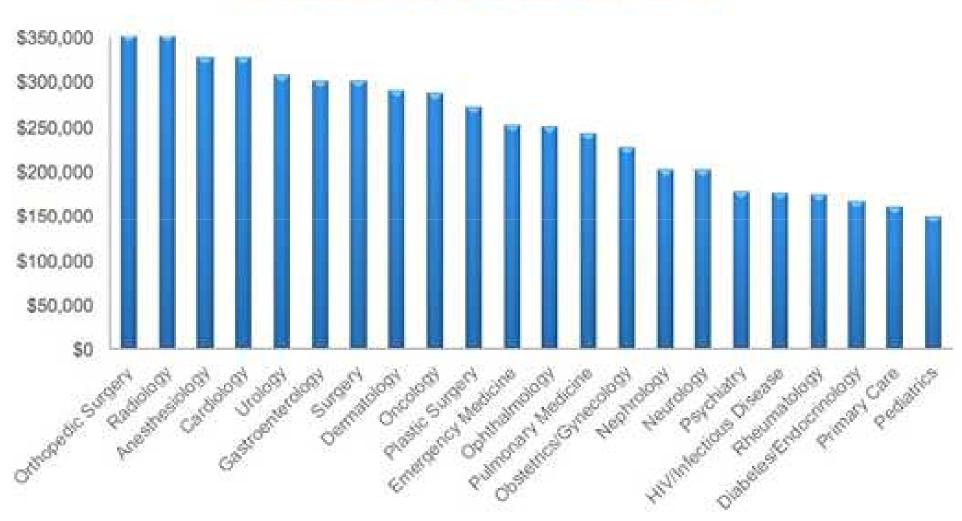
Physician Compensation

Specialty	Average Starting
Salary	
Anesthesiology	\$275,000
Gynecology & Obstetrics	\$200,000
Family Medicine	\$130,000
General Surgery	\$220,000
Internal Medicine	\$135,000
Pediatrics & Adolescent	\$125,000
Plastic & Reconstruction	\$250,000
Family Medicine	\$130,000
Emergency Care	\$178,000
Neurological Surgery	\$400,000

2007 Physician Compensation Survey, By the American Medical Group Association (AMGA)

Medscape Physician Compensation Report 2011





Footnote: For individual reports on compensation for 22 specialties, visit www.medscape.com/sites/physician-comp/2011

Physicians are in demand...

- Employment of physicians and surgeons is projected to grow 14 percent from 2006 to 2016, for all occupations
- The average of all jobs is an increase of 7 to 13 percent
- There will be a shortage of 200,000 physicians by 2020
- The highest increases in specialty will be in Hospitalist; Pediatrics; OB/GYN; HEM/ONC; Family Practice

Bureau of Labor Statistics "Physicians and Surgeons" (2008)

Merritt Hawkins and Associates "2007 Review of Physician and CRNA Recruiting Incentives" (2007)

Journal of Academic Medicine "Factors Associated With Medical Students' Career Choices

Regarding Internal Medicine" (2008)

Requirements for residency application

- 1. Tests (http://www.usmle.org):
- USMLE step 1
- Step 2CK= clinical knowledge
- Step 2CS= clinical skills
- Step 3=license test

2. Others:

- ACGME certificate (http://www.acgme.org)
- Postgraduate Training Authorization Letter=PTAL, also called California letter

http://www.mbc.ca.gov/applicant/additional_info.html

3. The National Resident Matching Program (NRMP) and the Electronic Residency Application Service (ERAS)

USMLE Step 1

Subjects

Anatomy, Physiology, Biochemistry,
 Pharmacology, Behavioral sciences,
 Pathology, Microbiology.

Exam format

- Computer based exam: MCQs
- Total exam time: 1 day exam=8hrs

USMLE Step 2 CK (Clinical Knowledge)

- Subjects
 - Medicine, Surgery, Gynecology and Obstetrics, Pediatrics, Psychiatry
- Exam format
 - Computer based exam: MCQs
 - Total exam time: 1 day exam=9hrs

USMLE Step 2 CS (Clinical Skills)

- Subjects tested: Same as step 2 CK
- Test centers
 - Philadelphia, PA. Houston, TX. Chicago, IL. Atlanta,
 GA. Los Angeles, CA.
- Exam Format
 - Involves direct patient encounters
 - Total exam time: 8H (1 day exam)
 - Total no of stations: 12
 - Time available at each station
 - 25 min, you are required to take history, do physical examination, determine differential diagnosis and then write down notes of 12 Simulated patients (SPs)

USMLE Step 3

- Subjects
 - Same to Step 2 CK
- Total exam time: 2 day exam
- For licensing purpose, not required for residency application

Test preparations

- 1. First Aid for USMLE step 1, 2, 3
- 2. Kaplan (http://www.kaptest.com/Medical-Licensing/index.html)
- 3. USMLE world (http://www.usmleworld.com/)
- 4. http://www.usmle.net/

Residency application

- 1. Study for the programs: FREIDA search: (https://freida.ama-assn.org/Freida/user/viewProgramSearch.do)
- 2. Preparations for residency application:
- Personal statement
- Recommendation letters >= 3
- Clerkship/observership
- Research
- Friends...
- 3. Resident interview: it is the key!
- 4. Residency match (through ERAS) and post match

Survive through the residency

- 1st year: work hard, read a lot and well prepared for any presentations
- 2nd year: think about the future and start to prepare for it
- 3rd year and beyond: fellowship application
- Fellowship year: job application

Protection to house staff

Limits imposed on resident work hours by ACGME Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education

- Resident can work no more than 80 hours a week
- No more than 24 consecutive hours as part of a single shift
- No more than every third night on call

Find a dreaming job

- 1. Consult your seniors and attendings
- 2. Prepare cover letter and CV
- 3. Get excellent REFERENCES!!!
- 4. Interview
- Presentation
- Meeting with faculties
- 5. Negotiation and make your decision

Thank you very much!